

Multiple Choice - Period 3**Multiple Choice**

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Question 1 to 3 refer to the passage below.

Women do not take part in extramarital affairs. The reason that worthy husbands and sons take care of everything for them, while unworthy ones can always find ways to hide their deeds from the women.

Many men today indulge in pleasure and gambling; some end up mortgaging their lands, and even go so far as to mortgage their houses without their wives' knowledge. Therefore, when husbands are bad, even if wives try to handle outside matters, it is of no use. Sons must have their mothers' signatures to mortgage their family properties, but there are sons who falsify papers and forge signatures, sometimes borrowing money at high interest from people who would not hesitate to bring their claim to court.

Therefore, when sons are bad, it is useless for the mothers to try and handle matters relating to the outside world.

Source: Yuan Cai (c. 1140-1195), *The Problems of Women*, Song dynasty official and scholar

- _____ 1. The author's view of the relationship between a wife and husband as well as between a mother and her son are most clearly affected by
- The introduction of ideas from Islam as a result of reestablishment of Silk Road trade.
 - The resurgence of Confucianism in the Tang and Song dynasties within China.
 - The establishment of Legalism as the dominant Chinese philosophy.
 - A reaction against the influence of Buddhism in China and the freedoms granted to women converts.
- _____ 2. Which of the following best explains the significance of the widespread availability of the above resource in Song China?
- Printing technology became widespread allowing information to be disseminated easily and cheaply
 - Buddhism had successfully spread from India to China and become entrenched in the upper levels of Song government
 - The exchange of information along trade routes led to the opening of China's borders
 - Women had achieved significant power within the Song dynasty court
- _____ 3. What practice developed during the Song dynasty corroborates the status of women reflected in the passage?
- Corsets
 - White face paint
 - Elaborate hair styles
 - Footbinding

Questions 4 and 5 refer to the map below.



- _____ 4. The borders of regions that were mostly Christian in 476 C.E. show that Christianity was accepted and spread mostly throughout the
- Roman and Byzantine Empires
 - Feudal and Germanic Kingdoms
 - Islamic Caliphates
 - Kievan Russia
- _____ 5. Which of the following developments most LIMITED the spread of Christianity outside Europe during the time period shown on the map?
- The Western Roman Empire's collapse and creation of the Byzantine Empire.
 - The schism between the Roman Catholic Church and the Eastern Orthodox Church.
 - The development and spread of Islam throughout the Middle East and North Africa.
 - The rapid expansion of the Mongol Empire throughout Central and Eastern Asia.

**Multiple Choice - Period 3
Answer Section**

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- | | |
|-----------|--------|
| 1. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 2. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 3. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 4. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 5. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |